The Great Battle Against the Buns

Details of the Anti-Temperance Offensive in Champagne

HY are people so apathetic about the great wave of Prohibition which is sweeping over the country? Why do men go to their clubs, their dinners, their afterheatre parties where they enjoy—in moderation, be assured,—the solace of the once flowing bowl, which now trickles in a diluted stream, and of which they partake with well-regulated abstinence, and yet without once betraying their knowledge of the looming fact that soon, ah! very soon, this slender brooklet will dry up and disappear.

Verily, we are a strange people! Sahara smounds us on all sides and we look upon the prospect calmly, even indifferently.

prospect carriery, even mentioners.

of the apparent apathy in this particular regard. The news of the great Reform

wave, the details of the bitter struggles between the Wets and the Drys, the dirmishes, advances and retreats, take place in our halls of Legislation. Their man of publicity, The Congressional Record, is as dry as the most ardent matisaloon Leaguer could wish. Hence the propaganda stuff does not get over. It never reaches the public.

As one who believes in pitiless pub-

licity on all topics of nation-wide inteest, it seems my plain duty to bring
the vital character of this great strugsle before the moderate thinkers—and
drinkers—of our country. This I can
to best by borrowing the phraseology
of the other great war,—which I do
with reverence, and simply to bring the
matter home to the thoughtless and unleeding. Imagine yourself, then, unlolding your favorite morning paper to
the confronted with some such article as
GREAT ADVANCE BY DRY
FORCES

Allies take Boissons. Latest news of the battle for Prohibition. By ——'s (insert your favorite morning paper),

Pecial correspondent at the front, James V. Drinkwater.

Somewhere in Charpagne. Oct. 24.

By aero-post.) When I walked brough the once pleasant streets of

Boissons at two A. M. to-day, I could
bot help wishing that the picture of
desolation which presented itself to me
bould be thrown on the screen of every
moving picture palace in America, to bring
home, if possible, to our people the vandalism
perpetrated by Ober-general DeWett's retiring
forces. Hand-picked troops under General
Trinken (they were mostly of the famous Holstein and Hoffbrau divisions) have waged a
herce battle for this little town since last Thursday. The allied forces under General Sec were

lay. The allied forces under General Sec were lot, however, to be denied. Their success is a ligh tribute to the strategy of Maréchal Buvon-las and a supreme vindication of President Wilson's recently stated insistence upon a one-

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Offensive in Champagne

arch-prototype, Attila the Bun. Literally, not one stone was left standing on another. La Rue de Pomard, the main street of the village, which used to run East and West, now points North and South. This will give a faint idea of the terrific pounding which the Buns underwent at the hands of our gunners who, in the later stages of the struggle, fired their gigantic 220 mil. Bill-Bryans point blank at twentyyard range into the tottering walls of the Ançienne Brasserie de la Galette, which the enemy defended with the utmost perspiration.

ORDERS taken on captured officers show that the troops were commanded to hold all breweries to the death-and they obeyed. Battered tanks clog the narrow thoroughfares rendering traffic well-nigh impossible. Our troops have not yet occupied the town as, following their usual custom, the enemy has filled every lake, reservoir, spring, well, pump, water bucket and tooth mug with laughing gas. Such efficiency, even in defeat, warns our war-councils of bitter struggles yet to come.

It would seem, however, that the general retrograde movement toward the Rhine provinces has been definitely decided upon. A glance at the map will show the stand made by the Münchener and Budweiser Divisions, at Bouchon. It is here that Generals Durstig and Schwiller have, for over a week, held up our advance, the line taking the form of a bottle, with Bouchon at the apex.

Its fall cannot be very long delayed.

THE much vaunted Whiffenpoof Line has

already been pierced at two points, one East of Rummycourt, menacing the important railway center of Pille and the Canal de Suds, the other, Southeast of Chateau Yquem where our troops, astride the Barelle, have reached the junction of that river with its tributary, the Bière, at Trou-le-Bung. It was here that special gallantry was displayed by our colored troops who took Ham, with great enthusiasm and appetite, after the

back on Bivaux in the face of vastly superior and more numerous forces. In this connection it should be mentioned that the apparent inactivity of certain of our elements has been due to the fact that they found themselves opposed to Bun shock-troops

repulse of the Jewish Volunteers, who fell

however, that this defect has been rem-Everywhere the new whippet water-wagons are doing wonderful work. Their effectiveness would have been increased had it not been for the difficulty in securing drivers. Owing to the gentle, rolling motion of the wagons, many of the men entrusted with the task of driving were displaced from their seats during the skirmishes. one company alone, fifty-six per cent of the drivers failed to keep their places. One young American, more persistent than the rest, mounted his particular wagon twelve times in one engagement, only to be unseated on every occasion. The water wagons proved particularly effective in mopping up around Boissons and Rummycourt. After the destruction of the Galette brewery, Major

without the very necessary equipment

of shock-absorbers. It is understood,

been recommended to receive the Congressional Blue Ribbon. TO sum up,—once DeWett's bottle is broken, a retreat to the old Whiffen-

Croton, whose name will be familiar to

many residents of New York and Ken-

sico, was breveted on the field and the

entire siphon-and-hose division has

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poof Line is inevitable. "The question is, will the enemy go further? Will he clect to stand on this line pending a subtle peace-offensive, or will he be forced to his last great strongholds defending the home-land?

In the latter case, which seems the more probable, his line would run about due South from Pille through the towns of Tremens, Dizzy and Riot. It is inconceivable that DeWett will ever give up Tremens. It is the last resort of the Buns. To surrender that would be to yield all, and before that happens we may look to see serious proposals which would terminate hostilities.

I am frequently asked when this war will

end. Like other war correspondents I am in a position to know,-not vaguely or indefinitely, but with the utmost precision. After mature study of conditions and after reading the accounts of legislation recently enacted at Washington I do not hesitate to state, emphatically, that it will all be over on July 2nd, 1919.

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