

# **Learn German the G.I. Joe Way**

**The 1943 English/German Dictionary  
That Was Written for  
the  
U.S. Army**

**Illustrated by**



## **CONTENTS**

	<b>PAGE</b>
Useful Words and Phrases . . . . .	7
Greetings and General Phrases . . . . .	7
Location . . . . .	9
Directions . . . . .	10
Numbers . . . . .	11
What's This? . . . . .	14
Asking for Things . . . . .	14
Money . . . . .	17
Time . . . . .	17
Other Useful Phrases . . . . .	20
Additional Expressions . . . . .	21
Fill-In Sentences . . . . .	23
Map . . . . .	32-33
Important Signs . . . . .	37
Alphabetical Word List . . . . .	38



## GERMAN LANGUAGE GUIDE

German is spoken by over 80 million people in Germany, Austria and parts of Switzerland and Czechoslovakia. There are a number of local variations of German and sometimes you will hear people speaking in a way that seems quite different from what

is shown in this *Guide*. However, almost everybody also speaks, or at least understands, the form of German given here, which is the one taught in the German schools.

### **How to Use the Records and Guide**

This *Guide* is not intended to give you a complete command of the language. For a thorough course, write to the United States Armed Forces Institute, Madison, Wisconsin. This handbook will, however, enable you to carry on simple conversations in the language.

The records that go with this *Guide* give you a number of the most important words and phrases in German. Read the section called *Hints on Pronunciation* and then listen to the records until you know the *Useful Words and Phrases* by heart. Repeat each word out loud right after you hear it and say it exactly the way the German speaker does. Imitate the pronunciation as closely as you can, just as you might mimic someone who has an unusual accent. Try to get every detail of the pronunciation, even the rhythm and the

intonation. Follow the words in your *Guide* but use them only as a reminder; if you hear something different from what you see written, go by what you hear. Remember that you can't get the sound of a language from the printed word alone—you have to use your ears even more than your eyes. If you don't have the records and can't get a German speaker to read the words, you will have to rely on the *Hints on Pronunciation* alone.

By the time you have practiced the *Useful Words and Phrases* several times you will know what sound each letter stands for in the *Guide*. You will then be able to pronounce the *Additional Expressions* even though you have not actually heard them and you will be able to form sentences of your own by using the section called *Fill-In Sentences*.

### **Hints on Pronunciation**

If you have studied German before, you may not need additional practice in pronunciation. However, unless you have had a chance to try out your German and know that you are understood without

any difficulty, you had better do a little practicing.

All the words and phrases in this *Guide* are written both in German spelling and in a simplified spelling which you read like English. (Don't use the German spelling, the one given in parentheses, unless you have studied German before.) *Read the simplified spelling as though it were English.* Each letter or combination of letters is used for the sound it usually stands for in English and it *always* stands for that sound. Thus, *oo* is always pronounced as it is in *too, boot, tooth, roost*, never as anything else. Say these words and then pronounce the vowel sound by itself. That is the sound you must use every time you see *oo* in the *Pronunciation* column. If you should use some other sound—for example, the sound of *oo* in *blood*—you may be misunderstood.

Syllables that are accented, that is, pronounced louder than others, are written in capital letters. Curved lines ( ) are used to show sounds that are pronounced together without any break; for example, *P-FEN-nik* meaning "pfennig," *P-FEF-fer* meaning "pepper."

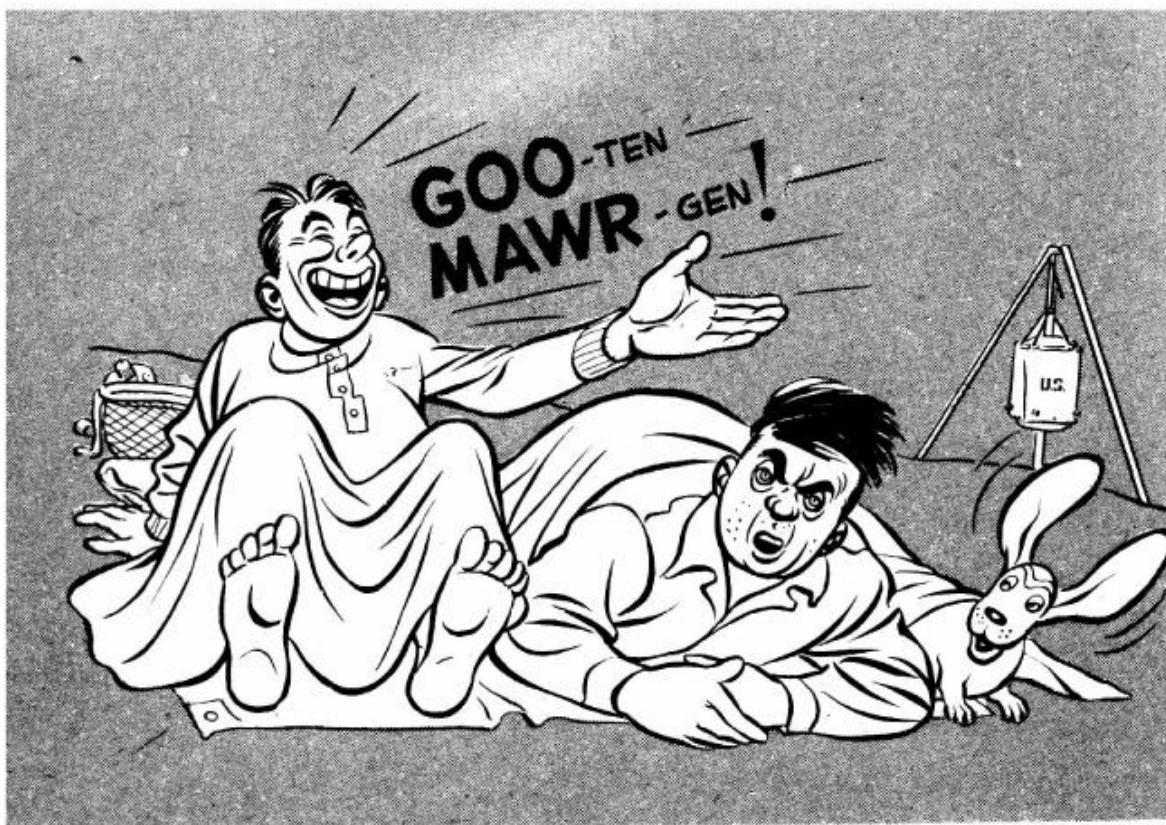
## **Special Points**

Here are a few points to note as you listen to the records:

- AY** as in *may, say, play* but don't drawl it the way we do in English. Example: *TAY* meaning "tea."
- O or OH** as in *go, so, oh, note, joke* but don't drawl it the way we do in English. Example: *VO* meaning "where."
- AI** as in *aisle* or *ice*. Example: *AINSS* meaning "one."
- EW** stands for a sound we do not have in English. To make it you round your lips as though to say the *oo* in *boo* and at the same time say the *ee* in *bee*. Example: *gub-MEW-zub* meaning "vegetables."
- ER** stands for a sound somewhat like the one in *her* except that you round your lips as you make the sound. Example: *TSVERLF* meaning "twelve."
- KH** stands for a sound something like the one you make when you clear your throat to spit. Example: *NAHKH* meaning "toward."

## **Memory Key**

- AY** as in *day* but not so drawled.
- O or OH** as in *go* but not so drawled.
- AI** as in *aisle* or *ice*.
- EW** for the sound in *bee* said with the lips rounded.
- ER** for the sound in *her* said with the lips rounded.
- KH** for a sound which is like the one you make when you clear your throat to spit.



## USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

The following is the exact wording of the German Language Records issued with this *Guide*:

These records give you a few useful phrases in German. To learn to say these phrases so that you will be understood, imitate the sounds exactly as you hear them. You will hear the English first, followed by the German; then repeat the German out loud, and say it *good and loud*. Remember! Repeat every German phrase right after you hear it.

In the *German Language Guide* which should be used with these records, all the phrases you will hear are written both in German spelling and in a simplified spelling which you read like English. Don't use the German spelling unless you have studied German before.

Listen to the records six or seven times and you will know the phrases by heart.

### GREETINGS AND GENERAL PHRASES

<u>English</u>	<u>Pronunciation and German Spelling</u>
Good morning	<i>GOO-ten MAWR-gen</i> (Guten Morgen)
Good day	<i>GOO-ten TAHK</i> (Guten Tag)

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

<u>English</u>	<u>Pronunciation and German Spelling</u>
<b>Good evening</b>	<i>GOO-ten AH-bent</i> (Guten Abend)
<b>How are you?</b>	<i>vee GA YT ess ee-nen?</i> (Wie geht es Ihnen?)
<b>Sir</b>	<i>main HA YR</i> (mein Herr)
<b>Madam</b>	<i>G~NA Y-dig-uh FROW</i> (gnädige Frau)
<b>Miss</b>	<i>G~NA Y-dig-ess FRO Y-lain</i> (gnädiges Fräulein)

When you address a person by name you say:

<b>Mr. Schmidt</b>	<i>HA YR SHMIT</i> (Herr Schmidt)
<b>Mrs. Schmidt</b>	<i>FROW SHMIT</i> (Frau Schmidt)
<b>Miss Schmidt</b>	<i>FRO Y-lain SHMIT</i> (Fräulein Schmidt)
<b>Please</b>	<i>BIT-tuh</i> (Bitte)
<b>Excuse me</b>	<i>fayr-TSAI-oong</i> (Verzeihung)
<b>Thank you</b>	<i>DAN-kuh</i> (Danke)

When someone thanks you, you answer with the word for "please."

<b>Please</b>	<i>BIT-tuh</i> (Bitte)
<b>Yes</b>	<i>YA</i> (Ja)
<b>No</b>	<i>NAIN</i> (Nein)

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

English      Pronunciation and German Spelling

**Do you understand?**    *fer-SHTA Y-en zee?*    (Verstehen Sie?)

**I understand**    *ish fer-SHTA Y-uh*    (Ich verstehe)

**I don't understand**    *ish fer-SHTA Y-uh nisht*    (Ich verstehe nicht)

**Speak slowly**    *SHPRESH-en zee LAHNK-zahm*  
(Sprechen Sie langsam)

**Please repeat**    *BIT-tuh vee-der-HO-len zee*    (Bitte wiederholen Sie)

## LOCATION

When you need directions to get somewhere you use the phrase "Where is?" and then add the words you need.

**Where is**    *VO IST*    (Wo ist)

**a restaurant**    *ain ress-to-RAHNG*    (ein Restaurant)

**Where is a restaurant?**    *VO ist ain ress-to-RAHNG?*    (Wo ist ein Restaurant?)

**a hotel**    *ain ho-TEL*    (ein Hotel)

**Where is a hotel?**    *VO ist ain ho-TEL?*    (Wo ist ein Hotel?)

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

<u>English</u>	<u>Pronunciation and German Spelling</u>
----------------	--

a railroad station	<i>ain BAHN-hohf</i> (ein Bahnhof)
--------------------	------------------------------------

Where is a railroad station?	<i>VO ist ain BAHN-hohf?</i> (Wo ist ein Bahnhof?)
------------------------------	--

a toilet	<i>ai-nuh twa-LET-tuh</i> (eine Toilette)
----------	---

Where is a toilet?	<i>VO ist ai-nuh twa-LET-tuh?</i> (Wo ist eine Toilette?)
--------------------	---

## DIRECTIONS

The answer to your question "Where is such and such?" may be "To the right" or "To the left" or "Straight ahead," so you need to know these phrases.

To the right *nahkh RESHTS* (nach rechts)

To the left *nahkh LINKS* (nach links)

In the word *NAHKH* you heard a sound you must practice. It is written in your *Language Guide* as *kh*. Listen to the word again and repeat: *NAHKH*, *NAHKH*. It is like clearing your throat when you have to spit. Try just the sound again: *kh*, *kh*.

Straight ahead *guh-RA-duh-OWSS* (geradeaus)

It is sometimes useful to say "Please show me."

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

**English**

a railroad  
station

Where is a rail-  
road station?

a toilet

Where is a  
toilet?

**Pronunciation and German Spelling**

ain BAHN-hohf (ein Bahnhof)

VO ist ain BAHN-hohf? (Wo ist ein  
Bahnhof?)

ai-nuh twa-LET-tuh (eine Toilette)

VO ist ai-nuh twa-LET-tuh?\* (Wo ist eine  
Toilette?)

**DIRECTIONS**

The answer to your question "Where is such and such?" may be "To the right" or "To the left" or "Straight ahead," so you need to know these phrases.

To the right nahkh RESHTS (nach rechts)

To the left nahkh LINKS (nach links)

In the word NAHKH you heard a sound you must practice. It is written in your *Language Guide* as kh. Listen to the word again and repeat: NAHKH, NAHKH. It is like clearing your throat when you have to spit. Try just the sound again: kh, kh.

Straight ahead guh-RA-duh-OWSS (geradeaus)

It is sometimes useful to say "Please show me."

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

**English****Pronunciation and German Spelling**

Please show me *BIT-tuh TSAI-gen zee meer* (Bitte zeigen  
Sie mir)

If you are driving and ask the distance to another town, it will be given you in kilometers, not miles.

**Kilometer**      *kee-lo-MA Y-ter* (Kilometer)

One kilometer equals  $\frac{5}{8}$  of a mile.

**NUMBERS**

You need to know the numbers.

<b>One</b>	<i>AINSS</i>	eins
<b>Two</b>	<i>TSVAI</i>	zwei
<b>Three</b>	<i>DRAI</i>	drei
<b>Four</b>	<i>FEER</i>	vier
<b>Five</b>	<i>FEWNF</i>	fünf
<b>Six</b>	<i>ZEKS</i>	sechs
<b>Seven</b>	<i>ZEE-ben</i>	sieben
<b>Eight</b>	<i>AHKHT</i>	acht
<b>Nine</b>	<i>NOYN</i>	neun
<b>Ten</b>	<i>TSA YN</i>	zehn

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

<u>English</u>	<u>Pronunciation and German Spelling</u>	
Eleven	<i>ELF</i>	elf
Twelve	<i>TSVERLF</i>	zwölf

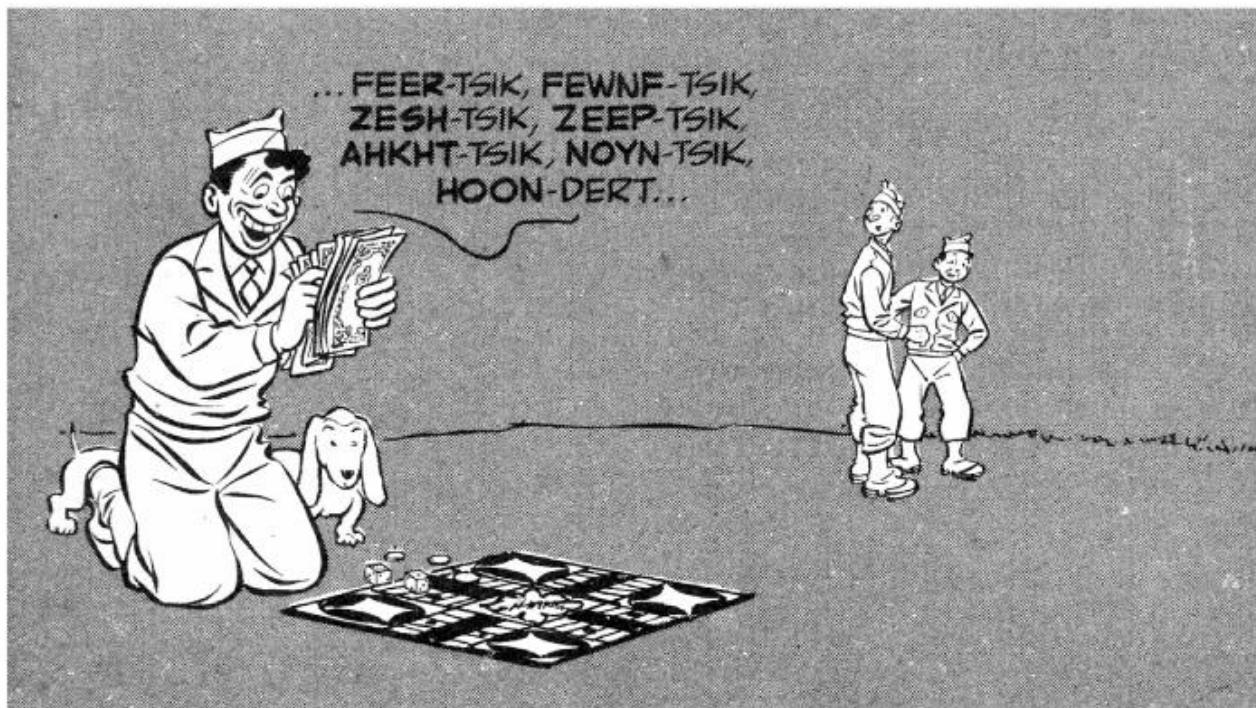
Notice the sound of *er* in the last word. Listen to the word again and repeat: *TSVERLF*, *TSVERLF*. We don't have this sound in English, but the sound we have in "her" is close to it. Round your lips as though you were pronouncing the "o" in *go*, and at the same time say the *er* in *her*. Try just the sound again: *er*, *er*.

Thirteen	<i>DRAI-tsayn</i>	dreizehn
Fourteen	<i>FEER-tsayn</i>	vierzehn
Fifteen	<i>FEWNF-tsayn</i>	fünfzehn
Sixteen	<i>ZESH-tsayn</i>	sechzehn
Seventeen	<i>ZEEP-tsayn</i>	siebzehn
Eighteen	<i>AHKH-tsayn</i>	achtzehn
Nineteen	<i>NOYN-tsayn</i>	neunzehn
Twenty	<i>TSVAHN-tsik</i>	zwanzig

To say "twenty-one," "twenty-two," etc. you say in German "one and twenty," "two and twenty," etc.

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

<u>English</u>	<u>Pronunciation and German Spelling</u>	
Twenty-one	<i>AIN-oont-tsvahn-tsik</i>	einundzwanzig
Twenty-two	<i>TSVAI-oont-tsvahn-tsik</i>	zweiundzwanzig
Thirty	<i>DRAI-sik</i>	dreissig
Forty	<i>FEER-tsik</i>	vierzig
Fifty	<i>FEWNF-tsik</i>	fünfzig
Sixty	<i>ZESH-tsik</i>	sechzig
Seventy	<i>ZEEP-tsik</i>	siebzig
Eighty	<i>AHKH-tsik</i>	achtzig
Ninety	<i>NOYN-tsik</i>	neunzig
Hundred	<i>HOON-dert</i>	hundert
Thousand	<i>TOW-zent</i>	tausend



## WHAT'S THIS?

When you want to know the name of something you can say "What's this?" or "What's that?" and point to the thing you mean.

<u>English</u>	<u>Pronunciation and German Spelling</u>
What is	VAHSS IST (Was ist)
this	DEESS (dies)
What's this?	VAHSS ist DEESS? (Was ist dies?)
What's that?	VAHSS ist DAHSS?. (Was ist das?)

## ASKING FOR THINGS

When you want something, use the phrase "I want" and then add the name of the thing wanted. Always use "Please"—BIT-tuh.

I want	ish MERSH-tuh (Ich möchte)
cigarettes	tsee-ga-RET-ten (Zigaretten)
I want cigarettes	ish MERSH-tuh tsee-ga-RET-ten (Ich möchte Zigaretten)
to eat	ESS-sen (essen)
I want to eat	ish MERSH-tuh ESS-sen (Ich möchte essen)

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

Here are the words for some of the things you may require.

<u>English</u>	<u>Pronunciation and German Spelling</u>
drinking water	TRINK-vahss-ser (Trinkwasser)
bread	BROHT (Brot)
butter	BOOT-ter (Butter)
eggs	AL-er (Eier)
cheese	KA Y-zuh (Käse)
meat	FLAISH (Fleisch)
pork	SHVAI-nuh-flaish (Schweinefleisch)
mutton	HAHM-mel-flaish (Hammelfleisch)
veal	KAHLP-flaish (Kalbfleisch)
beef	RINT-flaish (Rindfleisch)
chicken	HOON (Huhn)
fish	FISH (Fisch)
soup	ZOOP-puh (Suppe)
vegetables	guh-MEW-zuh (Gemüse)

You have just heard another sound you must practice. It is written in your *Guide* as *ew*. Listen to the

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

word again and repeat: *gub-MEW-zuh*, *gub-MEW-zuh*. To make this sound you round your lips as though to say *oo* but say *ee* instead. Try just the sound again: *ew, ew.*

<u>English</u>	<u>Pronunciation and German Spelling</u>
potatoes	<i>kar-TAWF-feln</i> (Kartoffeln)
beets	<i>RO-tuh REW-ben</i> (rote Rüben)
beans	<i>BO-nen</i> (Bohnen)
cabbage	<i>KOHL</i> (Kohl)
salad	<i>za-LAHT</i> (Salat)
fruit	<i>OHPST</i> (Obst)
milk	<i>MILSH</i> (Milch)
salt	<i>ZAHLTS</i> (Salz)
pepper	<i>P-FEF-fer</i> (Pfeffer)
sugar	<i>TSOOK-ker</i> (Zucker)
chocolate	<i>sho-ko-LA-duh</i> (Schokolade)
tea	<i>TA Y</i> (Tee)
coffee	<i>KAHF-fay</i> (Kaffee)
a cup of coffee	<i>ai-nuh TAHSS-suh KAHF-fay</i> (eine Tasse Kaffee)
wine	<i>VAIN</i> (Wein)

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

<u>English</u>	<u>Pronunciation and German Spelling</u>
beer	<i>BEER</i> (Bier)
a glass of beer	<i>ain GLAHSS BEER</i> (ein Glas Bier)
tobacco	<i>TA-bahk</i> (Tabak)
matches	<i>SHTRAISH-herl-tser</i> (Streichhölzer)

## MONEY

To find out how much things cost, you say:

How much	<i>vee-FEEL</i>	Wieviel
costs	<i>KA WSS-tet</i>	kostet
that	<i>DAHSS</i>	das

**How much does *vee-feel KAWSS-tet DAHSS?* (Wieviel  
that cost? kostet das?)**

The answer will be given you in marks and pfennigs.

mark	<i>MARK</i> (Mark)
pfennig	<i>P-FEN-nik</i> (Pfennig)

## TIME

When you want to know what time it is, you say  
really "How late is it?"

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

<u>English</u>	<u>Pronunciation and German Spelling</u>
What time is it?	<i>vee SHPA YT ist ess?</i> (Wie spät ist es?)
Two o'clock	<i>TSVAI OOR</i> (zwei Uhr)
Ten past two	<i>TSA YN nahkh TSVAI</i> (zehn nach Zwei)
Quarter past five	<i>FEER-tel nahkh FEWNF</i> (viertel nach Fünf)

"Half past six" is "six o'clock thirty" or "half seven."

**Half past six**    *ZEKS oor DRAI-sik*    (sechs Uhr dreissig)  
                    *or HAHLP ZEE-ben*    (halb Sieben).

"A quarter of eight" is "three quarters eight."

**Quarter of eight**      *DRAI-feer-tel AHKHT* (dreiviertel Acht)

"Five minutes to nine" is "five minutes before nine."

**Five minutes to FEWNF mee-NOO-ten for NOYN** (fünf  
nine Minuten vor Neun)

For the hours after 12 noon it is customary to say "thirteen o'clock"—*DRAI-tsayn OOR*, and so on, just as we do in the Army.

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

If you want to know when a movie starts or when a train leaves, you say:

English

When

begins

the movie

When does the movie start?

leaves

the train

When does the train leave?

Yesterday

Today

Tomorrow

Pronunciation and German Spelling

VAHN (Wann)

buh-GINT (beginnt)

dahss KEE-no (das Kino)

VAHN buh-GINT dahss KEE-no? (Wann beginnt das Kino?)

GA YT (geht)

dayr TSOOK (der Zug)

vahn GA YT dayr TSOOK? (Wann geht der Zug?)

GESS-tern (gestern)

HO Y-tuh (heute)

MA WR-gen (morgen)

The days of the week are:

Sunday

ZAWN-tahk (Sonntag)

Monday

MOHN-tahk (Montag)

Tuesday

DEENSS-tahk (Dienstag)

Wednesday

MIT-vawkh (Mittwoch)

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

<u>English</u>	<u>Pronunciation and German Spelling</u>
Thursday	<i>DAWN-nerss-tahk</i> (Donnerstag)
Friday	<i>FRAI-tahk</i> (Freitag)
Saturday	<i>ZAMSS-tahk</i> (Samstag) or <i>ZAWN-ah-bent</i> (Sonnabend)

## OTHER USEFUL PHRASES

The following phrases will be useful.

What is your name? *VEE HAI-sen zee?* (Wie heissen Sie?)

My name is *ish HAI-suh* (Ich heisse\_\_\_\_)

How do you say *vahss ZA-gen zee fewr table owf DOYTSH?*  
*table* (or anything else) in German?

(Was sagen Sie für *table* auf Deutsch?)

I am an American *ish bin ah-may-ree-KA-ner* (Ich bin Amerikaner)

Please help me *BIT-tuh HEL-fen zee meer* (Bitte helfen Sie mir)

Where is the nearest town? *VO ist dee NA YSH-stuh AWRT-shaft?* (Wo ist die nächste Ortschaft?)

Good-by *owf VEE-der-zayn* (Auf Wiedersehen)

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

## ADDITIONAL EXPRESSIONS

<u>English</u>	<u>Pronunciation and German Spelling</u>
I am hungry	<i>ish HA-buh HOONG-er</i> (Ich habe Hunger)
I am thirsty	<i>ish HA-buh DOORST</i> (Ich habe Durst)
Halt! or Stop!	<i>HAHLT!</i> (Halt!)
Come here!	<i>KA WM-men zee HA YR!</i> (Kommen Sie her!)
Quickly	<i>SHNEL</i> (schnell)
Come quickly!	<i>KA WM-men zee SHNEL!</i> (Kommen Sie schnell!)
Go quickly!	<i>GA Y-en zee SHNEL!</i> (Gehen Sie schnell!)
Help!	<i>HIL-fuh!</i> (Hilfe!)
Bring help!	<i>HO-len zee HIL-fuh!</i> (Holen Sie Hilfe!)
I am lost	<i>ish HA-buh mish fayr-LOW-fen</i> (Ich habe mich verlaufen)
I will pay you	<i>ish VA YR-duh EE-nen GELT GA Y-ben</i> (Ich werde Ihnen Geld geben)
Where are the American soldiers?	<i>VO ZINT dee a-may-ree-KA-nee-shen zawl-DA-ten?</i> (Wo sind die amerikanischen Soldaten?)
Where is the town?	<i>VO IST dee SHTAHT?</i> (Wo ist die Stadt?)

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

<u>English</u>	<u>Pronunciation and German Spelling</u>
<b>Where is it?</b>	<i>VO IST ess?</i> (Wo ist es?)
<b>How far is it?</b>	<i>vee VAIT ist ess?</i> (Wie weit ist es?)
<b>Which way is north?</b>	<i>VO ist NAWR-den?</i> (Wo ist Norden?)
<b>Which is the road to____?</b>	<i>VO ist dayr VA YK nahkh____?</i> (Wo ist der Weg nach____?)
<b>Draw me a map</b>	<i>TSAISH-nen zee meer ai-nuh KAR-tuh</i> (Zeichnen Sie mir eine Karte)
<b>Take me there</b>	<i>BRIN-gen zee mish dawrt HIN</i> (Bringen Sie mich dort hin)
<b>Take me to a doctor</b>	<i>BRIN-gen zee mish tsoo AI-nem ARTST</i> (Bringen Sie mich zu einem Arzt)
<b>Take me to a hospital</b>	<i>BRIN-gen zee mish tsoo AI-nem la-tsa-RET</i> (Bringen Sie mich zu einem Lazarett)
<b>Danger!</b>	<i>guh-FAR!</i> (Gefahr!)
<b>Watch out!</b>	<i>OWF-pahss-sen!</i> (Aufpassen!)
<b>Gas!</b>	<i>GAHSS!</i> (Gas!)
<b>Take cover!</b>	<i>DEK-koong!</i> (Deckung!)
<b>Wait a moment!</b>	<i>VAR-ten zee ai-nen OW-gen-blik!</i> (Warten Sie einen Augenblick!)

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

## FILL-IN SENTENCES

In this section you will find a number of sentences, each containing a blank space which can be filled in with any one of the words in the list that follows. For example, to say "Where can I get some soap?" look for the phrase "Where can I get\_\_\_?" in the English column and find the German expression given beside it: *VO kahn ish bub-KAWM-men*. Then look for "soap" in the list that follows; the German word is *ZAI-fuh*. Put the word for "soap" in the blank space and you get *VO kahn ish ZAI-fuh bub-KAWM-men?*

<u>English</u>	<u>Pronunciation and German Spelling</u>
I want___	<i>ish MERSH-tuh</i> (Ich möchte___)
We want___	<i>veer MERSH-ten</i> (Wir möchten___)
Give me___	<i>GA Y-ben zee meer</i> (Geben Sie mir___)
Bring me___	<i>BRIN-gen zee meer</i> (Bringen Sie mir___)
Get me___	<i>HO-len zee meer</i> (Holen Sie mir___)
Where can I get___?	<i>VO kahn ish buh-KAWM-men?</i> (Wo kann ich___ bekommen?)
I have___	<i>ish HA-buh</i> (Ich habe___)
We have___	<i>veer HA-ben</i> (Wir haben___)
Have you___?	<i>HA-ben zee___?</i> (Haben Sie___?)

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

English

Pronunciation and German Spelling

**EXAMPLE**

I want \_\_\_\_\_      *ish MERSH-tuh* \_\_\_\_\_ (Ich möchte \_\_\_\_\_)

food      *ET-vahss tsoo ESS-sen* (etwas zu essen)

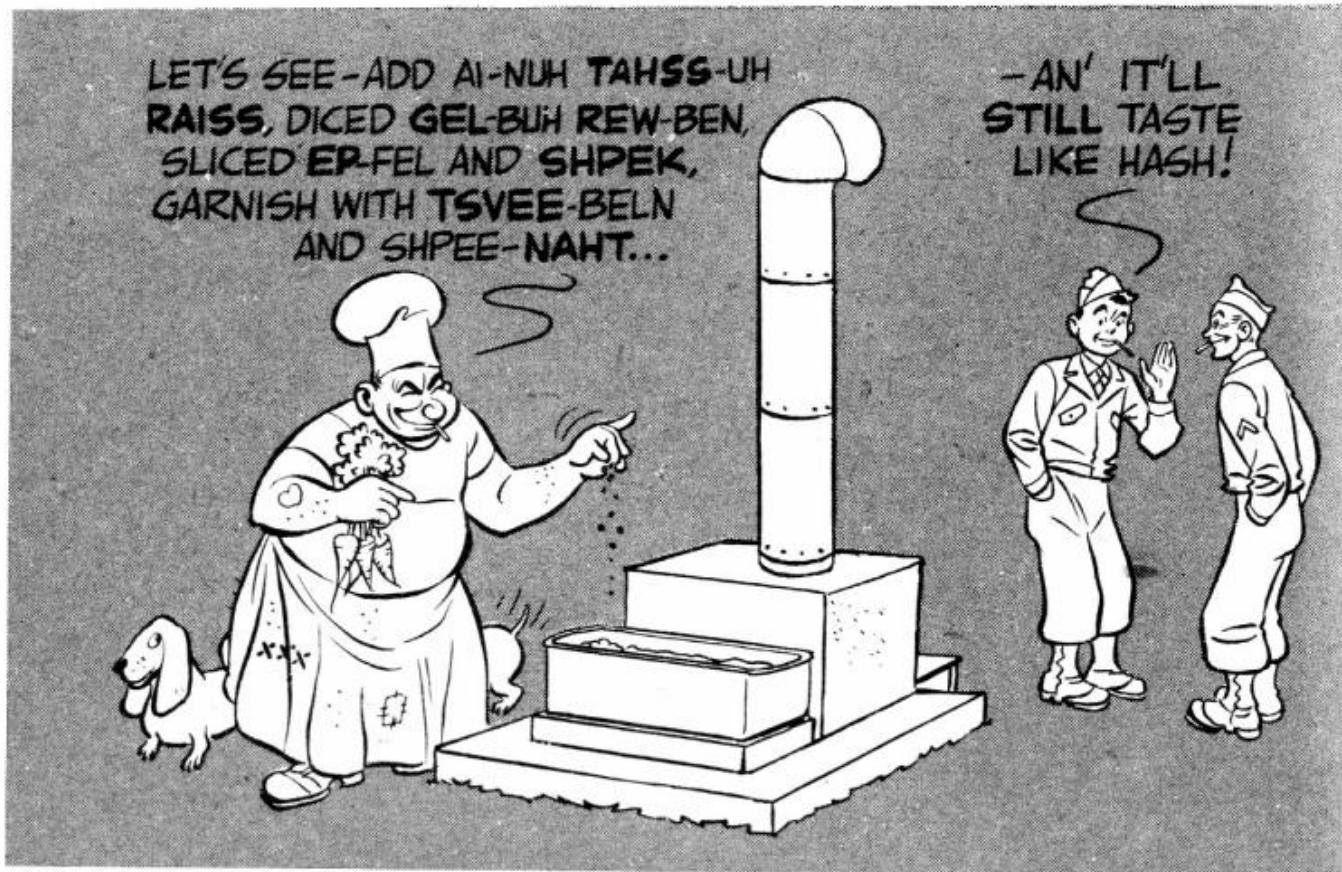
I want food      *ish MERSH-tuh ET-vahss tsoo ESS-sen*  
(Ich möchte etwas zu essen)

apples      *EP-fel* (Äpfel)

bacon      *SHPEK* (Speck)

beefsteak      *BEEF-shtayk* (Beefsteak)

boiled water      *AHP-guh-kawkh-tess VAHSS-ser*  
(abgekochtes Wasser)



<u>English</u>	<u>Pronunciation and German Spelling</u>
carrots	<i>GEL-buh REW-ben</i> (gelbe Rüben)
cucumbers	<i>GOOR-ken</i> (Gurken)
grapes	<i>TROW-ben</i> (Trauben)
ham	<i>SHIN-ken</i> (Schinken)
a meal	<i>ai-nuh MAHL-tsait</i> (eine Mahlzeit)
onions	<i>TSVEE-beln</i> (Zwiebeln)
oranges	<i>ahp-fel-ZEE-nen</i> (Apfelsinen)
peas	<i>A YRP-sen</i> (Erbsen)
rice	<i>RAISS</i> (Reis)
spinach	<i>shpee-NAHT</i> (Spinat)
tangerines	<i>mahn-da-REE-nen</i> (Mandarinen)
turnips	<i>VAI-suh REW-ben</i> (weisse Rüben)

a cup	<i>ai-nuh TAHSS-suh</i> (eine Tasse)
a fork	<i>ai-nuh GA-bel</i> (eine Gabel)
a glass	<i>ain GLAHSS</i> (ein Glas)
a knife	<i>ain MESS-ser</i> (ein Messer)
a plate	<i>ai-nen TEL-ler</i> (einen Teller)

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

<u>English</u>	<u>Pronunciation and German Spelling</u>
a spoon	<i>ai-nen LERF-fel</i> (einen Löffel)
a bed	<i>ain BET</i> (ein Bett)
bedding	<i>BET-tsoyk</i> (Bettzeug)
blankets	<i>DEK-ken</i> (Decken)
a mattress	<i>ai-nuh ma-TRA-tsuh</i> (eine Matratze)
a pillow	<i>ain KISS-sen</i> (ein Kissen)
a room	<i>ain TSIM-mer</i> (ein Zimmer)
sheets	<i>BET-la-ken</i> (Bettlaken)
cigars	<i>tsee-GAR-ren</i> (Zigarren)
a pipe	<i>ai-nuh P-FAI-fuh</i> (eine Pfeife)
pipe tobacco	<i>P-FAI-fen-ta-bahk</i> (Pfeifentabak)
ink	<i>TIN-tuh</i> (Tinte)
a pen	<i>ai-nen FA Y-der-hahl-ter</i> (einen Federhalter)
a pencil	<i>ai-nen BLAI-shtift</i> (einen Bleistift)
a comb	<i>ai-nen KAHM</i> (einen Kamm)
hot water	<i>HAI-sess VAHSS-ser</i> (heisses Wasser)

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

<u>English</u>	<u>Pronunciation and German Spelling</u>
a razor	<i>ai-nen ra-ZEER-ahp-pa-raht</i> (einen Rasierapparat)
razor blades	<i>ra-ZEER-kling-en</i> (Rasierklingen)
a shaving brush	<i>ai-nen ra-ZEER-pin-zel</i> (einen Rasierpinsel)
shaving soap	<i>ra-ZEER-zai-fuh</i> (Rasierseife)
soap	<i>ZAI-fuh</i> (Seife)
a toothbrush	<i>ai-nuh TSAHN-bewr-stuh</i> (eine Zahnbürste)
tooth paste	<i>TSAHN-kraym</i> (Zahncreme)
a towel	<i>ain HAHN-tookh</i> (ein Handtuch)
a handkerchief	<i>ain TA-shen-tookh</i> (ein Taschentuch)
a raincoat	<i>ai-nen RA Y-gen-mahn-tel</i> (einen Regenmantel)
a shirt	<i>ain HEMT</i> (ein Hemd)
shoe laces	<i>SHNEWR-zen-kel</i> (Schnürsenkel)
shoe polish	<i>SHOO-kraym</i> (Schuhcreme)
shoes	<i>SHOO-uh</i> (Schuhe)
undershirt	<i>OON-ter-hemt</i> (Unterhemd)
undershorts	<i>OON-ter-ho-zen</i> (Unterhosen)

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

English      Pronunciation and German Spelling

**underwear**

*OON-ter-vesh-shuh* (Unterwäsche)

**buttons**

*KNERP-fuh* (Knöpfe)

**a needle**

*ai-nuh NA-del* (eine Nadel)

**pins**

*SHTEK-na-deln* (Stecknadeln)

**safety pins**

*ZISH-sher-haits-na-deln* (Sicherheitsnadeln)

**thread**

*FA-den* (Faden)

**aspirin**

*ah-spee-REEN* (Aspirin)

**a bandage**

*ai-nuh BIN-duh* (eine Binde)

**cotton**

*VAHT-tuh* (Watte)

**a disinfectant** *ain dess-in-fekts-*

*YOHNSS-mit-tel*  
(ein Desinfektionsmittel)



**English****iodine****a laxative****Pronunciation and German Spelling***YOHT* (Jod)*ain AHP-fewr-mit-tel* (ein Abführmittel)**I want to** \_\_\_\_\_*ish MERSH-tuh* \_\_\_\_\_ (Ich möchte\_\_\_\_)**EXAMPLE****I want to** \_\_\_\_\_*ish MERSH-tuh* \_\_\_\_\_ (Ich möchte\_\_\_\_)**eat***ESS-sen* (essen)**I want to eat***ish MERSH-tuh ESS-sen* (Ich möchte  
essen)**buy it***ess KOW-fen* (es kaufen)**drink***TRIN-ken* (trinken)**have my  
clothes  
washed***mai-nuh ZA-khen VA-shen lahss-sen*  
(meine Sachen waschen lassen)**rest***mish OWSS-roo-en* (mich ausruhen)**sleep***SHLA-fen* (schlafen)**take a bath***BA-den* (baden)**wash up***mish VA-shen* (mich waschen)*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

When you want a haircut or shave you say:

Haircut, please! *BIT-tuh HA-ruh-shnai-den!* (Bitte, Haareschneiden!)

Shave, please! *BIT-tuh ra-ZEE-ren!* (Bitte, Rasieren!)

---

Where is\_\_\_\_? *VO ist\_\_\_\_?* (Wo ist\_\_\_\_?)

**EXAMPLE**

Where is\_\_\_\_? *VO ist\_\_\_\_?* (Wo ist\_\_\_\_?)

a barber *ain free-ZER* (ein Friseur)

Where is a  
barber? *VO ist ain free-ZER?* (Wo ist ein Friseur?)

a bridge *ai-nuh BREWK-kuh* (eine Brücke)

a bus *ain AWM-nee-booss* (ein Omnibus)

a church *ai-nuh KEER-shuh* (eine Kirche)

a clothing  
store *ain KLA I-der-la-den* (ein Kleiderladen)

a dentist *ain TSAHN-artst* (ein Zahnarzt)

a doctor *ain ARTST* (ein Arzt)

a drugstore *ai-nuh dro-gay-REE* (eine Drogerie)

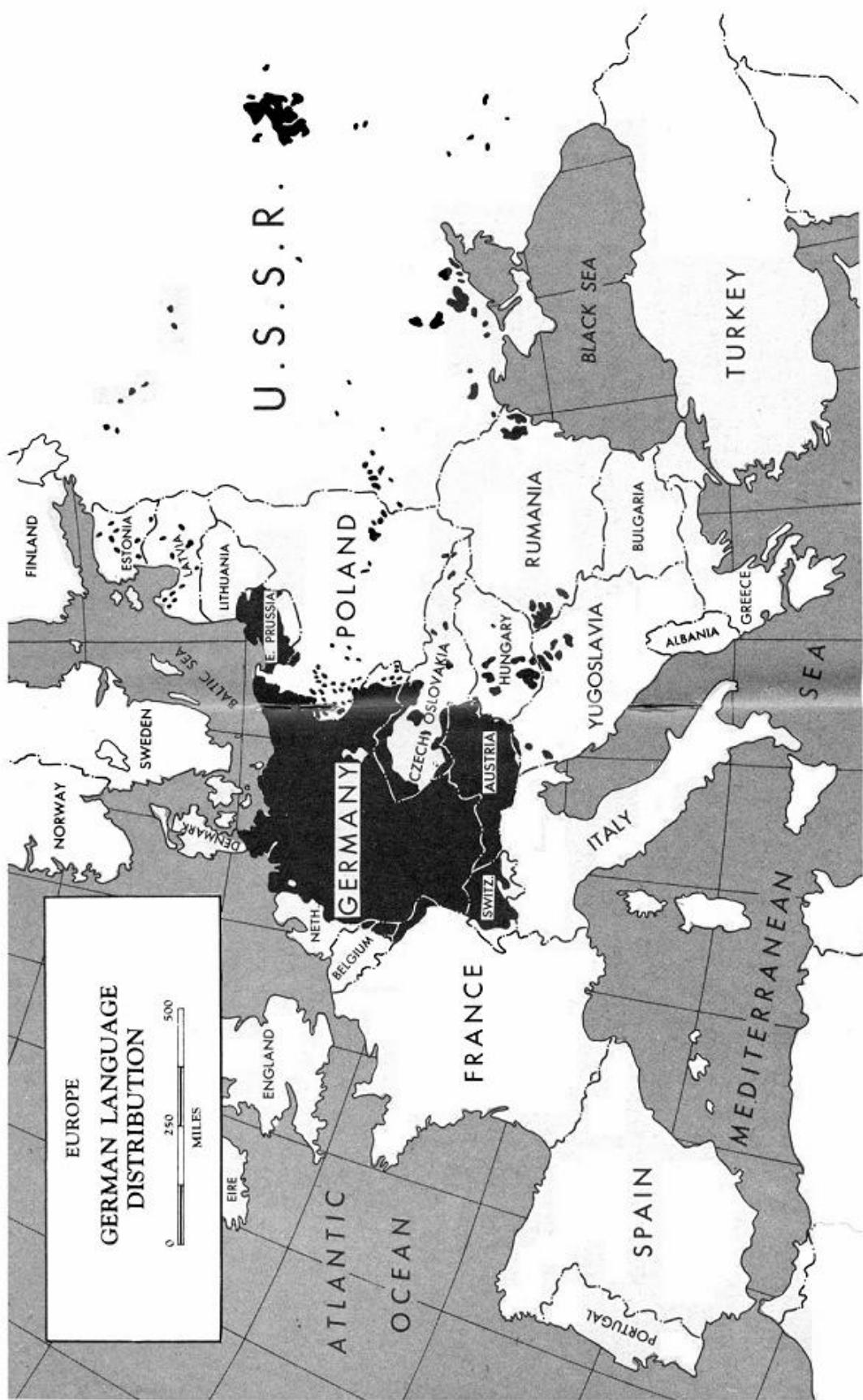
a fountain  
(or well) *ain BROON-nen* (ein Brunnen)

a garage *ai-nuh ga-RA-shuh* (eine Garage)

a grocery  
store *ain LA Y-benss-mit-tel-guh-SHEFT*  
(ein Lebensmittelgeschäft)

a hospital *ain la-tsa-RET* (ein Lazarett)

<u>English</u>	<u>Pronunciation and German Spelling</u>
a house	<i>ain HOWSS</i> (ein Haus)
a laundry	<i>ai-nuh vesh-shuh-RAI</i> (eine Wäscherei)
a mechanic	<i>ain may-SHA-nee-ker</i> (ein Mechaniker)
a pharmacy	<i>ai-nuh ah-po-TA Y-kuh</i> (eine Apotheke)
a policeman	<i>ain po-lee-TSIST</i> (ein Polizist)
a porter	<i>ain guh-PA YK-tray-ger</i> (ein Gepäckträger)
a shoemaker	<i>ain SHOO-ster</i> (ein Schuster)
a (natural) spring	<i>ai-nuh K VEL-luh</i> (eine Quelle)
a tailor	<i>ain SHNAI-der</i> (ein Schneider)
a telephone	<i>ain tay-lay-FOHN</i> (ein Telephon)
a workman	<i>ain AR-bai-ter</i> (ein Arbeiter)
the camp	<i>dahss TROOP-pen-la-ger</i> (das Truppenlager)
the city	<i>dee SHTAHT</i> (die Stadt)
the highway	<i>dee LAHNT-shtra-suh</i> (die Landstrasse)
the main street	<i>dee HOWPT-shtra-suh</i> (die Hauptstrasse)
the market	<i>dayr MARKT</i> (der Markt)
the nearest town	<i>dee NA YSH-stuh A WRT-shaft</i> (die nächste Ortschaft)
the police station	<i>dahss po-lee-TSAI-ahmt</i> (das Polizeiamt)
the post office	<i>dahss PAWST-ahmt</i> (das Postamt)



<u>English</u>	<u>Pronunciation and German Spelling</u>
the railroad	<i>dee AI-zen-bahn</i> (die Eisenbahn)
the river	<i>dayr FLOOSS</i> (der Fluss)
the road	<i>dayr VA YK</i> (der Weg)
the telegraph	<i>dayr tay-lay-GRAHM-shahl-ter</i>
window	(der Telegrammschalter)
(in post office)	_____

I am____	<i>ish bin</i> ____ (Ich bin____)
He is____	<i>ayr ist</i> ____ (Er ist____)
We are____	<i>veer zint</i> ____ (Wir sind____)
They are____	<i>zee zint</i> ____ (Sie sind____)
Are you____?	<i>zint zee</i> ____? (Sind Sie____?)

#### EXAMPLE

I am____	<i>ish bin</i> ____ (Ich bin____)
sick	<i>KRAHNK</i> (krank)
I am sick	<i>ish bin KRAHNK</i> (Ich bin krank)
tired	<i>MEW-duh</i> (müde)
wounded	<i>fer-VOON-det</i> (verwundet)

Is it____?	<i>ist ess</i> ____? (Ist es____?)
It is____	<i>ess ist</i> ____ (Es ist____)
It is not____	<i>ess ist nisht</i> ____ (Es ist nicht____)

<u>English</u>	<u>Pronunciation and German Spelling</u>
<b>That is</b> ____	<i>dahss ist</i> ____ (Das ist____)
<b>This is</b> ____	<i>deess ist</i> ____ (Dies ist____)
<b>That is too</b> ____	<i>dahss ist tsoo</i> ____ (Das ist zu____)
<b>That is very</b> ____	<i>dahss ist zayr</i> ____ (Das ist sehr____)

### EXAMPLE

<b>It is 'not</b> ____	<i>ess ist nisht</i> ____ (Es ist nicht____ gut) <i>GOOT</i>
<b>It is not good</b>	<i>ess ist nisht GOOT</i> (Es ist nicht gut)
<b>bad</b>	<i>SHLESHT</i> (schlecht)
<b>expensive</b>	<i>TOY-er</i> (teuer)
<b>large</b>	<i>GROHSS</i> (gross)
<b>small</b>	<i>KLAIN</i> (klein)
<b>clean</b>	<i>ZQW-ber</i> (sauber)
<b>dirty</b>	<i>SHMOO-tsik</i> (schmutzig)
<b>cold</b>	<i>KAHLT</i> (kalt)
<b>hot</b>	<i>HAISS</i> (heiss)
<b>few</b>	<i>VA Y-nik</i> (wenig)
<b>much</b>	<i>FEEL</i> (viel)
<b>enough</b>	<i>guh-NOOK</i> (genug)
<b>far</b>	<i>VAIT</i> (weit)
<b>near</b>	<i>NA-huh</i> (nahe)
<b>here</b>	<i>HEER</i> (hier)
<b>there</b>	<i>DAWRT</i> (dort)



## **IMPORTANT SIGNS**

<u><b>German</b></u>	<u><b>English</b></u>
<b>Halt!</b>	Stop!
<b>Langsam!</b>	Go slow!
<b>Gefahr!</b>	Danger!
<b>Einbahnstrasse</b>	One Way Street
<b>Einbahnverkehr</b>	One Way Traffic
<b>Keine Durchfahrt</b>	No Thoroughfare
<b>Rechts fahren</b>	Keep To The Right
<b>Strasse im Bau</b>	Road Under Construction
<b>Kurve</b>	Dangerous Curve
<b>Kreuzung</b>	Dangerous Crossing
<b>Bahnübergang</b>	Grade Crossing
<b>Parken verboten</b>	No Parking
<b>Kein Zutritt</b>	No Admittance
<b>Frauen or Damen</b>	Women
<b>Männer or Herren</b>	Men
<b>Nichtraucher or Rauchen verboten</b>	No Smoking
<b>Eingang</b>	Entrance
<b>Ausgang</b>	Exit

## ALPHABETICAL WORD LIST

### English

### Pronunciation and German Spelling

### A

a	<i>ain</i> (ein) <i>or ain-en</i> (einen) <i>or ain-uh</i> (eine)
am	
I am____	<i>ish BIN</i> ■ (Ich bin____)
American	<i>ah-may-ree-KA-ner</i> (Amerikaner)
American soldiers	<i>ah-may-ree-KA-nee-shuh zawl-DA-ten</i> (amerikanische Soldaten)
I am an American	<i>ish BIN ah-may-ree-KA-ner</i> (Ich bin Amerikaner)
and	<i>oont</i> (und)
apples	<i>EP-fel</i> (Äpfel)
are	<i>zint</i> (sind)
Are you____?	<i>zint zee____?</i> (Sind Sie____?)
They are____	<i>zee zint____</i> (Sie sind____)
We are____	<i>veer zint____</i> (Wir sind____)
aspirin	<i>ah-spee-REEN</i> (Aspirin)

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

**B**

<b>bacon</b>	<i>SHPEK</i> (Speck)
<b>bad</b>	<i>SHLESHT</i> (schlecht)
<b>bandage</b>	<i>BIN-duh</i> (Binde)
<b>barber</b>	<i>free-ZER</i> (Friseur)
<b>bath</b>	
<b>take a bath</b>	<i>BA-den</i> (baden)
<b>beans</b>	<i>BO-nen</i> (Bohnen)
<b>bed</b>	<i>BET</i> (Bett)
<b>bedding</b>	<i>BET-tsoyk</i> (Bettzeug)
<b>beef</b>	<i>RINT-flaish</i> (Rindfleisch)
<b>beefsteak</b>	<i>BEEF-shtayk</i> (Beefsteak)
<b>beer</b>	<i>BEER</i> (Bier)
<b>a glass of beer</b>	<i>ain GLAHSS BEER</i> (ein Glas Bier)
<b>beets</b>	<i>RO-tuh REW-ben</i> (rote Rüben)
<b>begins</b>	<i>buh-GINT</i> (beginnt)
<b>blankets</b>	<i>DEK-ken</i> (Decken)
<b>boiled water</b>	<i>AHP-guh-kawkh-tess VAHSS-ser</i> (abgekochtes Wasser)
<b>bread</b>	<i>BROHT</i> (Brot)
<i>ow</i> as in <i>now</i> ; <i>ai</i> as in <i>aisle</i> or <i>ice</i>	

**English****Pronunciation and German Spelling**

bridge

*BREWK-kuh* (Brücke)

bring

Bring help! *HO-len zee HIL-fuh!* (Holen Sie Hilfe!)Bring me\_\_ *BRIN-gen zee meer\_\_* (Bringen Sie mir\_\_)

bus

*AWM-nee-booss* (Omnibus)

butter

*BOOT-ter* (Butter)

buttons

*KNERP-fuh* (Knöpfe)

buy

buy it *ess KOW-fen* (es kaufen)**C**

cabbage

*KOHL* (Kohl)

camp

*TROOP-pen-la-ger* (Truppenlager)

can

Where can  
I get\_\_? *VO kahn ish\_\_ buh-KA WM-men?*  
(Wo kann ich\_\_ bekommen?)

carrots

*GEL-buh REW-ben* (gelbe Rüben)

cheese

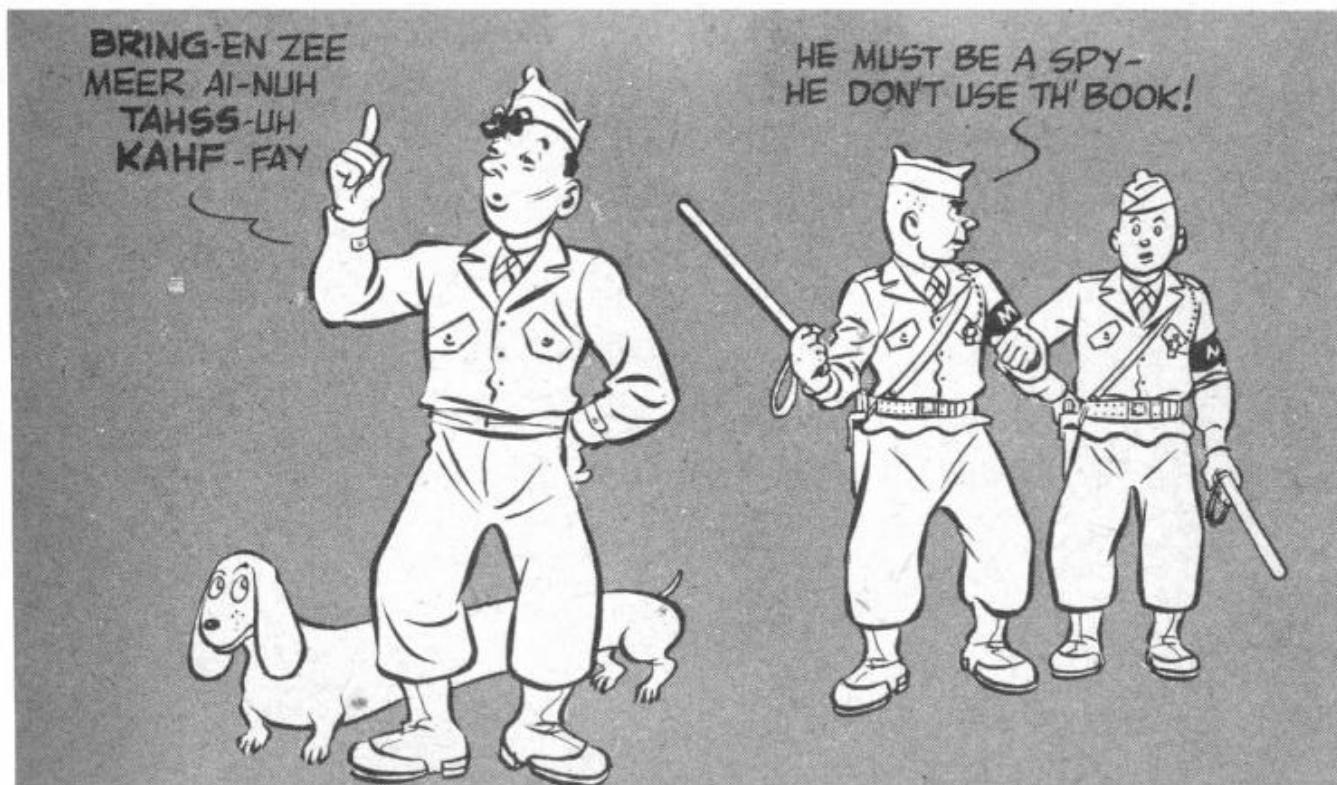
*KA Y-zuh* (Käse)

chicken

*HOON* (Huhn)*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

<u>English</u>	<u>Pronunciation and German Spelling</u>
chocolate	<i>sho-ko-LA-duh</i> (Schokolade)
church	<i>KÉER-shuh</i> (Kirche)
cigarettes	<i>tsee-ga-RET-ten</i> (Zigaretten)
cigars	<i>tsee-GAR-ren</i> (Zigarren)
city	<i>SHTAHT</i> (Stadt)
clean	<i>ZOW-ber</i> (sauber)
clothing store	<i>KLAI-der-la-den</i> (Kleiderladen)
coffee	<i>KAHF-fay</i> (Kaffee)
a cup of coffee	<i>ai-nuh TAHSS-suh KAHF-fay</i> (eine Tasse Kaffee)
cold	<i>KAHLT</i> (kalt)

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*



<u>English</u>	<u>Pronunciation and German Spelling</u>
comb	<i>KAHM</i> (Kamm)
Come!	<i>KA WM-men zeel</i> (Kommen Sie!)
Come here!	<i>KA WM-men zee HA YR!</i> (Kommen Sie her!)
Come quickly!	<i>KA WM-men zee SHNEL!</i> (Kommen Sie schnell!)
cost	<i>KAWST-et</i> (kostet)
How much does that cost?	<i>vee-feel KAWSS-tet DAHSS?</i> (Wieviel kostet das?)
cotton	<i>VAHT-tuh</i> (Watte)
cover	
Take cover!	<i>DEK-koong!</i> (Deckung!)
cucumbers	<i>GOOR-ken</i> (Gurken)
cup	<i>TAHSS-suh</i> (Tasse)
a cup of	<i>ai-nuh TAHSS-suh</i> (eine Tasse)

## D

Danger!	<i>guh-FAR!</i> (Gefahr!)
day	<i>TAHK</i> (Tag)
Good day	<i>GOO-ten TAHK</i> (Guten Tag)

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

English                  Pronunciation and German Spelling

**dentist**                  *TSAHN-artst* (Zahnarzt)

**dirty**                  *SHMOO-tsik* (schmutzig)

**disinfectant**                  *dess-in-fekts-YOHNSS-mit-tel*  
(Desinfektionsmittel)

**Do you understand?**          *fer-SHTA Y-en zee?* (Verstehen Sie?)

**doctor**                  *ARTST* (Arzt)

**Take me to a doctor**          *BRIN-gen zee mish tsoo ai-nem ARTST*  
(Bringen Sie mich zu einem Arzt)

**Draw me a map**          *TSAISH-nen zee meer ai-nuh KAR-tuh*  
(Zeichnen Sie mir eine Karte)

**drink**                  *TRIN-ken* (trinken)

**drinking water**          *TRINK-vahss-ser* (Trinkwasser)

**drugstore**                  *dro-gay-REE* (Drogerie)

**E**

**eat**                  *ESS-sen* (essen)

**something to eat**          *ET-vahss tsoo ESS-sen* (etwas zu essen)

**I want to eat**          *ish MERSH-tuh ESS-sen* (Ich möchte essen)

**eggs**                  *AI-er* (Eier)

**eight**                  *AHKHT* (acht)

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

<u>English</u>	<u>Pronunciation and German Spelling</u>
eighteen	AHKH-tsayn (achtzehn)
eighty	AHKH-tsik (achtzig)
eleven	ELF (elf)
enough	guh-NOOK (genug)
Excuse me	fayr-TSAI-oong (Verzeihung)
evening	AH-bent (Abend)
Good evening	GOO-ten AH-bent (Guten Abend)
expensive	TO Y-er (teuer)

## F

far	VAIT (weit)
How far is it?	vee VAIT ist ess? (Wie weit ist es?)
Is it far?	ist ess VAIT? (Ist es weit?)
few	VA Y-nik (wenig)
fifteen	FEWNF-tsayn (fünfzehn)
fifty	FEWNF-tsik (fünfzig)
fish	FISH (Fisch)
five	FEWNF (fünf)
food	ET-vahss tsoo ESS-sen (etwas zu essen)
fork	GA-bel (Gabel)
forty	FEER-tsik (vierzig)

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

English                  Pronunciation and German Spelling

fountain (well) *BROON-nen* (Brunnen)

four                  *FEER* (vier)

fourteen                  *FEER-tsayn* (vierzehn)

Friday                  *FRAI-tahk* (Freitag)

fruit                  *OHPST* (Obst)

**G**

garage                  *ga-RA-shuh* (Garage)

Gas!                  *GAHSS!* (Gas!)

German                  *DOYTSH* (Deutsch)

in German                  *owf DOYTSH* (auf Deutsch)

get

Get me\_\_\_\_ *HO-len zee meer*\_\_\_\_ (Holen Sie mir\_\_\_\_)

Where can I *VO kahn ish buh-KA WM-men?*  
get\_\_\_\_?                  (Wo kann ich bekommen?)

Give me\_\_\_\_ *GA Y-ben zee meer*\_\_\_\_ (Geben Sie mir\_\_\_\_)

glass                  *GLAHSS* (Glas)

a glass of\_\_\_\_ *ain GLAHSS*\_\_\_\_ (ein Glas\_\_\_\_)

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

<u>English</u>	<u>Pronunciation and German Spelling</u>
Go!	<i>GA Y-en zee!</i> (Gehen Sie!)
Go quickly!	<i>GA Y-en zee SHNEL!</i> (Gehen Sie schnell!)
good	<i>GOOT</i> (gut)
Good day	<i>GOO-ten TAHK</i> (Guten Tag)
Good evening	<i>GOO-ten AH-bent</i> (Guten Abend)
Good morning	<i>GOO-ten MA WR-gen</i> (Guten Morgen)
Good-by	<i>owf VEE-der-zayn</i> (Auf Wiedersehen)
grapes	<i>TROW-ben</i> (Trauben)
grocery store	<i>LA Y-benss-mit-tel-guh-SHEFT</i> (Lebensmittelgeschäft)

## H

hair	<i>HAR</i> (Haar)
Haircut, please!	<i>BIT-tuh HA-ruh-shnai-den!</i> (Bitte, Haareschneiden!)
half	<i>HAHLP</i> (halb)
Halt!	<i>HAHLT!</i> (Halt!)
ham	<i>SHIN-ken</i> (Schinken)
handkerchief	<i>TA-shen-tookh</i> (Taschentuch)

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

**English****Pronunciation and German Spelling****have****Have you** HA-ben zee? (Haben Sie —?)**I have** ish HA-buh (Ich habe —)**We have** veer HA-ben (Wir haben —)**he** ayr (er)**He is** ayr ist (Er ist —)**Help!** HIL-fuh! (Hilfe!)**Bring help!** HO-len zee HIL-fuh! (Holen Sie Hilfe!)**Please help  
me** BIT-tuh HEL-fen zee meer  
(Bitte helfen Sie mir)**here** HEER (hier)**It is here** ess ist HEER (Es ist hier)**Come here!** KAWM-men zee hayr! (Kommen Sie her!)**highway** LAHNT-shtra-suh (Landstrasse)**hospital** la-tsa-RET (Lazarett)**Take me to a hospital** BRIN-gen zee mish tsoo AI-nem la-tsa-RET  
(Bringen Sie mich zu einem Lazarett)**hot** HAISS (heiss)**hot water** HAI-sess VAHSS-ser (heisses Wasser)**hotel** ho-TEL (Hotel)*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

English

Where is a  
hotel?

house

how

How are you? vee GAYT ess ee-nen? (Wie geht es Ihnen?)

How do you vahss ZA-gen zee fewr table owf DOYTSH?  
say table in (Was sagen Sie für table auf Deutsch?)  
German?

How far is it? vee VAIT ist ess? (Wie weit ist es?)

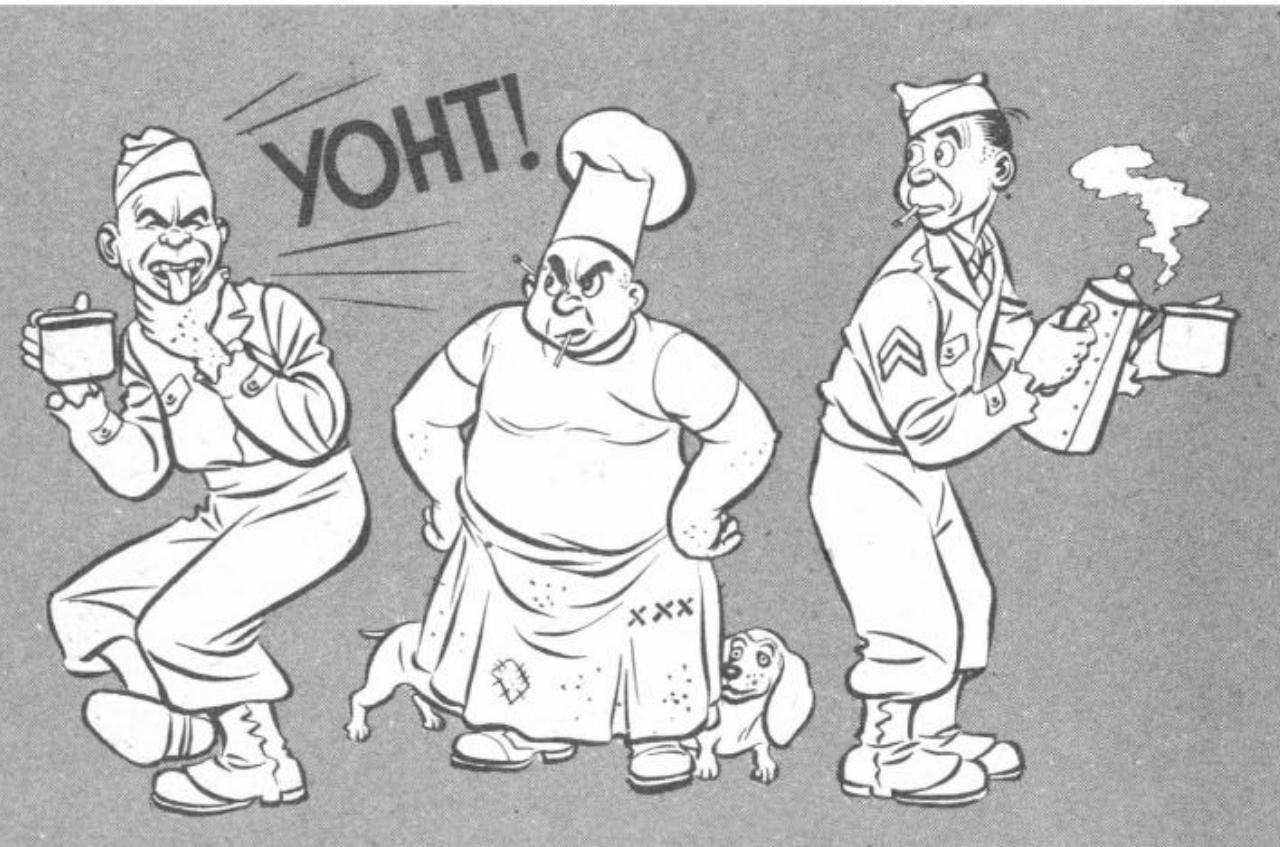
ow as in now; ai as in aisle or ice

Pronunciation and German Spelling

VO ist ain ho-TEL? (Wo ist ein Hotel?)

HOWSS (Haus)

VEE (wie)



<u>English</u>	<u>Pronunciation and German Spelling</u>
<b>How much does that cost?</b>	<i>vee-feel KA WSS-tet DAHSS?</i> (Wieviel kostet das?)
<b>hundred</b>	<i>HOON-dert</i> (hundert)
<b>hungry</b>	
<b>I am hungry</b>	<i>ish HA-buh HOONG-er</i> (Ich habe Hunger)

I

<b>I</b>	<i>ish</i> (ich)
<b>I am____</b>	<i>ish bin____</i> (Ich bin____)
<b>I have____</b>	<i>ish HA-buh____</i> (Ich habe____)
<b>I want____</b>	<i>ish MERSH-tuh____</i> (Ich möchte____)
<b>or I want to____</b>	
<b>in German</b>	<i>owf DO YTSH</i> (auf Deutsch)
<b>ink</b>	<i>TIN-tuh</i> (Tinte)
<b>iodine</b>	<i>YOHT</i> (Jod)
<b>is</b>	<i>ist</i> (ist)
<b>Is it____?</b>	<i>IST ess____?</i> (Ist es____?)
<b>It is____</b>	<i>ess IST____</i> (Es ist____)
<b>It is not____</b>	<i>ess ist NISHT____</i> (Es ist nicht____)

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

## K

<b>kilometer</b>	<i>kee-lo-MA Y-ter</i> (Kilometer)
<b>knife</b>	<i>MESS-ser</i> (Messer)

## L

<b>large</b>	<i>GROHSS</i> (gross)
<b>laundry</b>	<i>vesh-shuh-RAI</i> (Wäscherei)
<b>laxative</b>	<i>AHP-fewr-mit-tel</i> (Abführmittel)
<b>leave</b>	<i>GA YT</i> (geht)
<b>When does the train leave?</b>	<i>vahn GA YT dayr TSOOK?</i> (Wann geht der Zug?)
<b>left</b>	<i>LINKS</i> (links)
<b>To the left</b>	<i>nahkh LINKS</i> (nach links)
<b>lost</b>	
<b>I am lost</b>	<i>ish HA-buh mish fayr-LOW-fen</i> (Ich habe mich verlaufen)

## M

<b>madam</b>	<i>G-NA Y-dig-uh FROW</i> (gnädige Frau)
<b>main street</b>	<i>HOWPT-shtra-suh</i> (Hauptstrasse)
<b>map</b>	<i>KAR-tuh</i> (Karte)

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

**English****Pronunciation and German Spelling****Mrs.***FROW* (Frau)**much***FEEL* (viel)**mutton***HAHM-mel-flaish* (Hammelfleisch)**N****name****My name  
is***ish HAI-suh* (Ich heisse)**What's your  
name?***VEE HAI-sen zee?* (Wie heissen Sie?)**near***NA-huh* (nahe)**the nearest  
town***dee NA YSH-stuh A WRT-shaft*  
(die nächste Ortschaft)**needle***NA-del* (Nadel)**nine***NOYN* (neun)**nineteen***NOYN-tsayn* (neunzehn)**ninety***NOYN-tsik* (neunzig)**no***NAIN* (nein)**north***NA WR-den* (Norden)**Which way is north?** *VO ist NA WR-den?* (Wo ist Norden?)**not***nisht* (nicht)*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

Pronunciation and German Spelling

**O**

<b>one</b>	<i>A INSS</i> (eins)
<b>onions</b>	<i>TS VEE-bel n</i> (Zwiebeln)
<b>oranges</b>	<i>a hp-fel-ZEE-nen</i> (Apfelsinen)

**P**

**pay**

**I will pay you** *ish VA YR-duh EE-nen GELT GA Y-ben*  
(Ich werde Ihnen Geld geben)

<b>peas</b>	<i>A YRP-sen</i> (Erbsen)
<b>pen</b>	<i>FA Y-der-hahl-ter</i> (Federhalter)
<b>pencil</b>	<i>BLAI-shtift</i> (Bleistift)
<b>pepper</b>	<i>P U FEF-fer</i> (Pfeffer)
<b>pfennig</b>	<i>P U FEN-nik</i> (Pfennig)
<b>pharmacy</b>	<i>ah-po-TA Y-kuh</i> (Apotheke)
<b>pillow</b>	<i>KISS-sen</i> (Kissen)
<b>pins</b>	<i>SHTEK-na-del n</i> (Stecknadeln)
<b>safety pins</b>	<i>ZISH-sher-haits-na-del n</i> (Sicherheitsnadeln)

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

<u>English</u>	<u>Pronunciation and German Spelling</u>
pipe	<i>P_ FAI-fuh</i> (Pfeife)
pipe tobacco	<i>P_ FAI-fen-ta-bahk</i> (Pfeifentabak)
plate	<i>TEL-ler</i> (Teller)
Please	<i>BIT-tuh</i> (Bitte)
police station	<i>po-lee-TSAI-ahmt</i> (Polizeiamt)
policeman	<i>po-lee-TSIST</i> (Polizist)
pork	<i>SHVAI-nuh-flaish</i> (Schweinefleisch)
porter	<i>guh-PA YK-tray-ger</i> (Gepäckträger)
post office	<i>PAWST-ahmt</i> (Postamt)
potatoes	<i>kar-TAWF-feln</i> (Kartoffeln)

## Q

quickly	<i>SHNEL</i> (schnell)
Come quickly!	<i>KAWM-men zee SHNEL!</i> (Kommen Sie schnell!)
Go quickly!	<i>GA Y-en zee SHNEL!</i> (Gehen Sie schnell!)

## R

railroad	<i>AI-zen-bahn</i> (Eisenbahn)
railroad station	<i>BAHN-hohf</i> (Bahnhof)

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

English

Where is a  
railroad  
station?

raincoat

razor

razor blades

repeat

Please repeat *BIT-tuh vee-der-HO-len zee*  
(Bitte wiederholen Sie)

rest

I want to rest *ish MERSH-tuh mish OWSS-roo-en*  
(Ich möchte mich ausruhen)

Pronunciation and German Spelling

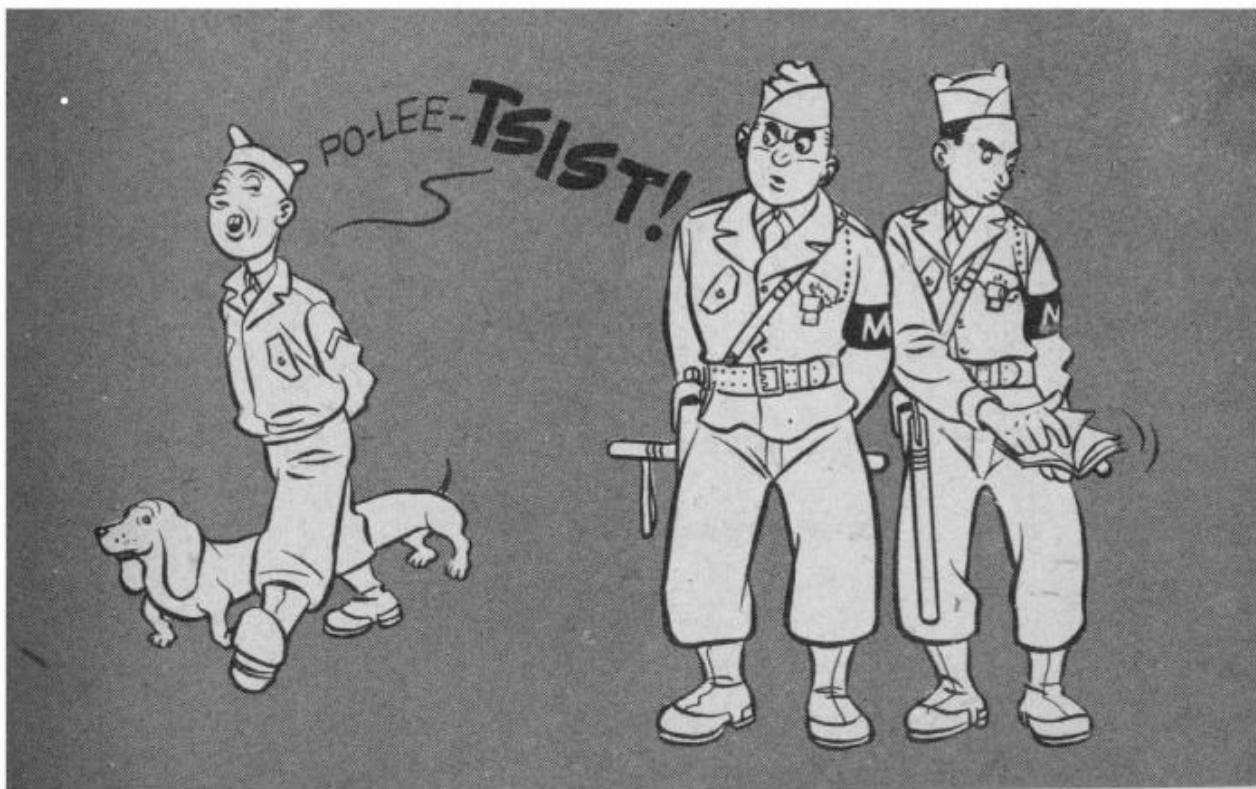
*VO ist ain BAHN-hof?* (Wo ist ein  
Bahnhof?)

*RA Y-gen-mahn-tel* (Regenmantel)

*ra-ZEER-ahp-pa-raht* (Rasierapparat)

*ra-ZEER-kling-en* (Rasierklingen)

*vee-der-HO-len zee!* (Wiederholen Sie!)



<u>English</u>	<u>Pronunciation and German Spelling</u>
<b>restaurant</b>	<i>ress-to-RAHNG</i> (Restaurant)
<b>Where is a restaurant?</b>	<i>VO ist ain ress-to-RAHNG?</i> (Wo ist ein Restaurant?)
<b>rice</b>	<i>RAISS</i> (Reis)
<b>right</b>	<i>RESHTS</i> (rechts)
<b>To the right</b>	<i>nahkh RESHTS</i> (nach rechts)
<b>river</b>	<i>FLOOSS</i> (Fluss)
<b>road</b>	<i>VA YK</i> (Weg)
<b>Which is the road to ____?</b>	<i>VO ist dayr VA YK nahkh____?</i> (Wo ist der Weg nach____?)
<b>room</b>	<i>TSIM-mer</i> (Zimmer)

## S

<b>safety pins</b>	<i>ZISH-sher-haits-na-deln</i> (Sicherheitsnadeln)
<b>salad</b>	<i>za-LAHT</i> (Salat)
<b>salt</b>	<i>ZAHLTS</i> (Salz)
<b>Saturday</b>	<i>ZAMSS-tahk</i> (Samstag) <i>or ZAWN-ah-bent</i> (Sonnabend)
<b>(to) say</b>	<i>ZA-gen</i> (sagen)

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

**English****Pronunciation and German Spelling**

How do you *vahss ZA-gen zee fewr* table *owf DOYTSH?*  
 say *table* in (Was sagen Sie für *table* auf Deutsch?)  
 German?

**seven**            *ZEE-ben* (sieben)

**seventeen**      *ZEEP-tsayn* (siebzehn)

**seventy**          *ZEEP-tsik* (siebzig)

**shave**

Shave, please! *BIT-tuh ra-ZEE-ren!* (Bitte, Rasieren!)

**shaving brush**     *ra-ZEER-pin-zel* (Rasierpinsel)

**shaving soap**      *ra-ZEER-zai-fuh* (Rasierseife)

**she**                *zee* (sie)

**sheets**            *BET-la-ken* (Bettlaken)

**shirt**              *HEMT* (Hemd)

**undershirt**      *OON-ter-hemt* (Unterhemd)

**shoemaker**      *SHOO-ster* (Schuster)

**shoes**             *SHOO-uh* (Schuhe)

**shoe laces**       *SHNEWR-zen-kel* (Schnürsenkel)

**shoe polish**      *SHOO-kraym* (Schuhcreme)

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

English

show

Please show *BIT-tuh TSAI-gen zee meer*  
me

(Bitte zeigen Sie mir)

sick

*KRAHNK* (krank)

sir

*main HA YR* (mein Herr)

six

*ZEKS* (sechs)

sixteen

*ZESH-tsayn* (sechzehn)

sixty

*ZESH-tsik* (sechzig)

sleep

*SHLA-fen* (schlafen)

slowly

*LAHNK-zahm* (langsam)

Speak slowly *SPRESH-en zee LAHNK-zahm*

(Sprechen Sie langsam)

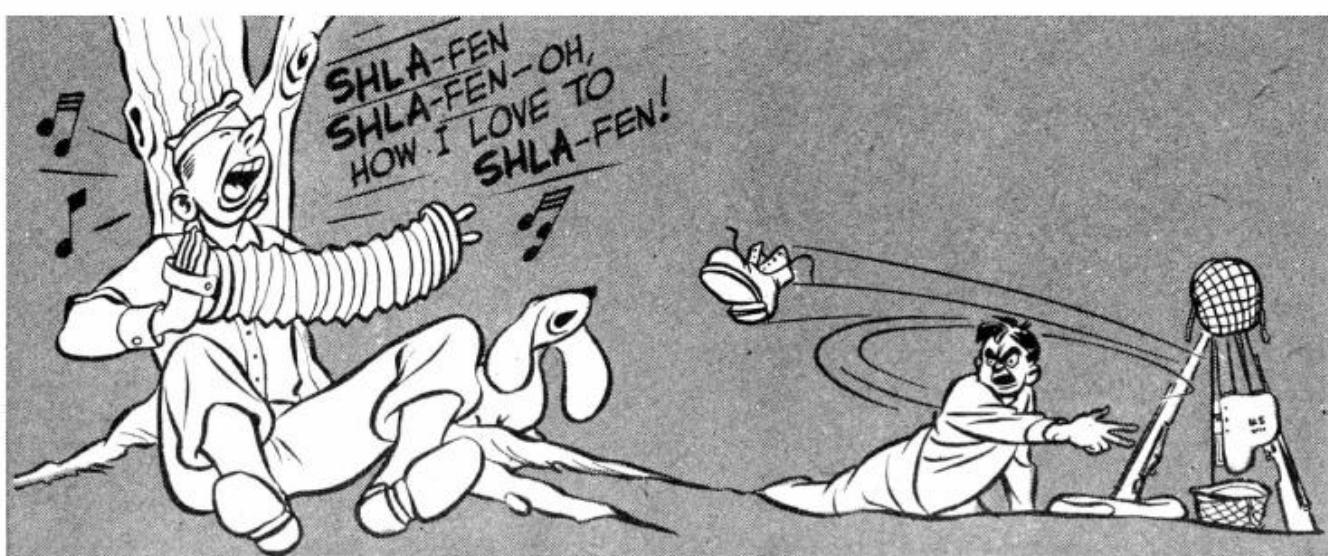
small

*KLAIN* (klein)

soap

*ZAI-fuh* (Seife)

shaving soap *ra-ZEER-zai-fuh* (Rasierseife)



<u>English</u>	<u>Pronunciation and German Spelling</u>
soldiers	zawl-DA-ten (Soldaten)
Where are the American soldiers?	VO ZINT dee a-may-ree-KA-nee-shen zawl-DA-ten? (Wo sind die amerikanischen Soldaten?)
soup	ZOOP-puh (Suppe)
speak	SPRESH-en zee! (Sprechen Sie!)
Speak slowly	SPRESH-en zee LAHNK-zahm (Sprechen Sie langsam)
spinach	shpee-NAHT (Spinat)
spoon	LERF-fel (Löffel)
(natural) spring	KVEL-luh (Quelle)
start	buh-GINT (beginnt)
When does the movie start?	VAHN buh-GINT dahss KEE-no? (Wann beginnt das Kino?)
station	
police station	po-lee-TSAI-ahmt (Polizeiamt)
railroad station	BAHN-hohf (Bahnhof)
Stop!	HAHLT! (Halt!)

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

English

Pronunciation and German Spelling

**store**

**clothing  
store**

*KLA I-der-la-den* (Kleiderladen)

**drugstore**

*dro-gay-REE* (Drogerie)

**Straight ahead**

*guh-RA-duh-OWSS* (geradeaus)

**street**

*SHTRA-suh* (Strasse)

**main street**

*HOWPT-shtra-suh* (Hauptstrasse)

**sugar**

*TSOOK-ker* (Zucker)

**Sunday**

*ZAWN-tahk* (Sonntag)

**T**

**tailor**

*SHNAI-der* (Schneider)

**take**

**Take cover!** *DEK-koong!* (Deckung!)

**Take me to a doctor** *BRIN-gen zee mish tsoo AI-nem ARTST*  
(Bringen Sie mich zu einem Arzt)

**Take me to a hospital** *BRIN-gen zee mish tsoo AI-nem la-tsa-RET*  
(Bringen Sie mich zu einem Lazarett)

**Take me there** *BRIN-gen zee mish dawrt HIN*  
(Bringen Sie mich dort hin)

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

<u>English</u>	<u>Pronunciation and German Spelling</u>
tangerines	mahn-dah-REE-nen (Mandarinen)
tea	TAY (Tee)
telegraph window (in post office)	tay-lay-GRAHM-shahl-ter (Telegrammschalter)
telephone	tay-lay-FOHN (Telephon)
ten	TSA YN (zehn)
Thank you	DAN-kuh (Danke)
that	dahss (das)
What's that?	VAHSS ist DAHSS? (Was ist das?)
the	dayr (der) or dee (die) or dahss (das)
there	DAWRT (dort)
Take me there	BRIN-gen zee mish dawrt HIN (Bringen Sie mich dort hin)
they	zee (sie)
They are____	zee zint____ (Sie sind____)
thirsty	
I am thirsty	ish HA-buh DOORST (Ich habe Durst)
thirteen	DRAI-tsayn (dreizehn)
ow as in now; ai as in aisle or ice	

<u>English</u>	<u>Pronunciation and German Spelling</u>
thirty	<i>DRAI-sik</i> (dreissig)
this	<i>DEESS</i> (dies)
What's this?	<i>VAHSS ist DEESS?</i> (Was ist dies?)
thousand	<i>TOW-zent</i> (tausend)
thread	<i>FA-den</i> (Faden)
three	<i>DRAI</i> (drei)
Thursday	<i>DAWN-nerss-tahk</i> (Donnerstag)
time	
What time is it?	<i>vee SHPA YT ist ess?</i> (Wie spät ist es?)
tired	<i>MEW-duh</i> (müde)
tobacco	<i>TA-bahk</i> (Tabak)
today	<i>HOY-tuh</i> (heute)
toilet	<i>twa-LET-tuh</i> (Toilette)
Where is a toilet?	<i>VO ist ai-nuh twa-LET-tuh?</i> (Wo ist eine Toilette?)
tomorrow	<i>MAWR-gen</i> (morgen)
too	<i>tsoo</i> (zu)
toothbrush	<i>TSAHN-bewr-stuh</i> (Zahnbürste)
tooth paste	<i>TSAHN-kraym</i> (Zahncreme)
	<i>ow</i> as in <i>now</i> ; <i>ai</i> as in <i>aisle</i> or <i>ice</i>

<u>English</u>	<u>Pronunciation and German Spelling</u>
towel	<i>HAHN-tookh</i> (Handtuch)
town	<i>AWRT-shaft</i> (Ortschaft) or <i>SHTAHT</i> (Stadt)
the nearest town	<i>dee NA YSH-stuh AWRT-shaft</i> (die nächste Ortschaft)
train	<i>TSOOK</i> (Zug)
When does the train leave?	<i>vahn GA YT dayr TSOOK?</i> (Wann geht der Zug?)
Tuesday	<i>DEENSS-tahk</i> (Dienstag)
turnips	<i>VAI-suh REW-ben</i> (weisse Rüben)
twelve	<i>TSVERLF</i> (zwölf)
twenty	<i>TSVAHN-tsik</i> (zwanzig)
two	<i>TSVAI</i> (zwei)

## U

undershirt	<i>OON-ter-hemt</i> (Unterhemd)
undershorts	<i>OON-ter-ho-zen</i> (Unterhosen)
understand	
Do you understand?	<i>fer-SHTA Y-en zee?</i> (Verstehen Sie?)
I understand	<i>ish fer-SHTA Y-uh</i> (Ich versteh'e)
	<i>ow</i> as in <i>now</i> ; <i>ai</i> as in <i>aisle</i> or <i>ice</i>

English      Pronunciation and German Spelling

I don't understand	<i>ish fer-SHTA Y-uh nisht</i> (Ich verstehe nicht)
underwear	<i>OON-ter-vesh-shuh</i> (Unterwäsche)

**V**

veal	<i>KAHLP-flaish</i> (Kalbfleisch)
vegetables	<i>guh-MEW-zuh</i> (Gemüse)
very	<i>zayr</i> (sehr)

**W**

Wait!	<i>VAR-ten zee!</i> (Warten Sie!)
Wait a moment!	<i>VAR-ten zee ai-nen OW-gen-blik!</i> (Warten Sie einen Augenblick!)

want

I want _____ or I want to _____	<i>ish MERSH-tuh</i> _____ (Ich möchte _____)
We want _____	<i>veer MERSH-ten</i> _____ (Wir möchten _____)
wash	<i>VA-shen</i> (waschen)
I want to wash up	<i>ish MERSH-tuh mish VA-shen</i> (Ich möchte mich waschen)

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

English

I want to  
have my  
clothes  
washed

Watch out!

water

boiled water

drinking  
water

hot water

we

We are\_\_\_\_

We have\_\_\_\_

We want\_\_\_\_

Wednesday

welcome

You're  
welcome

well

I am well

Pronunciation and German Spelling

*ish MERSH-tuh mai-nuh ZA-khen VA-shen*  
*lahss-sen* (Ich möchte meine Sachen  
waschen lassen)

*OWF-pahss-sen!* (Aufpassen!)

*VAHSS-ser* (Wasser)

*AHP-guh-kawkh-tess VAHSS-ser*  
(abgekochtes Wasser)

*TRINK-vahss-ser* (Trinkwasser)

*HAI-sess VAHSS-ser* (heisses Wasser)

*veer* (wir)

*veer zint* (Wir sind\_\_\_\_)

*veer HA-ben* (Wir haben\_\_\_\_)

*veer MERSH-ten* (Wir möchten\_\_\_\_)

*MIT-vawkh* (Mittwoch)

*BIT-tuh* (Bitte)

*es GA YT meer GOOT* (Es geht mir gut)

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

English                  Pronunciation and German Spelling

**well (for water)** *BROON-nen* (Brunnen)

**what**                  *VAHSS* (was)

**What's that?** *VAHSS ist DAHSS?* (Was ist das?)

**What's this?** *VAHSS ist DEESS?* (Was ist dies?)

**What is your name?** *VEE HAI-sen zee?* (Wie heißen Sie?)

**What time is it?** *vee SHPA YT ist ess?* (Wie spät ist es?)

**when**                  *VAHN* (wann)

**When does the movie start?** *VAHN buh-GINT dahss KEE-no?*  
(Wann beginnt das Kino?)

**When does the train leave?** *vahn GA YT dayr TSOOK?*  
(Wann geht der Zug?)

**where**                  *VO* (wo)

**Where is\_\_?** *vo ist\_\_?* (Wo ist\_\_?)

**Where are\_\_?** *vo zint\_\_?* (Wo sind\_\_?)

**Where can I get\_\_?** *vo kahn ish\_\_ buh-KA WM-men?*  
(Wo kann ich\_\_ bekommen?)

**wine**                  *VAIN* (Wein)

*ow* as in *now*; *ai* as in *aisle* or *ice*

English

**workman**

**wounded**

Pronunciation and German Spelling

*AR-bai-ter* (Arbeiter)

*fayr-VOON-det* (verwundet)

**Y**

**yes**

*YA* (ja)

**yesterday**

*GESS-tern* (gestern)

**you**

**Are you\_\_?** *sint zee\_\_?* (Sind Sie\_\_?)

**Have you\_\_?** *HA-ben zee\_\_?* (Haben Sie\_\_?)

